

รเ	JBJECT AREA	EC MATH		
ſ	STANDARDS DOCUMENT(S)	Aprendizajes Clave para la Educación Integral	Aprendizajes Sustantivos para la Vida	Aprendizajes Sustantivos co
OTHER	DOCUMENTS	EC eLearning Scope and Sequence by Grade Level	Scope and Sequence of EC Mid-Year Assessments	Arizona Early Learning Stand

		The Aprendizajes Clave/Sustantivos were created for native Spanish speakers, and the Common Core Kinder Standards were created for native English speakers. The vast majority of our EC students are nat learning English who have an extra year of elementary (P1) in which to develop some of the preschool skills outlined in both those documents. For that reason, it's not enough to translate the Aprendizajes Clar English and use those, or to use the Common Core Kinder standards. Instead, we need to modify and adjust the expectations in both those documents to fit this specific and unique situation, while also accour who are advanced or native speakers of English and for students who speak neither Spanish nor English. In addition, for some learning standards, students are expected to express themselves in English, but focus is on higher order thinking skills so students can express themselves in their language of choice, and teachers model how to say it using English and encourage students to repeat it when appropriate.
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CATEGORY 1: COUNTING AND CARDINALITY					
STRANDS NURSERY		PRE-KINDER	KINDER		
	Counts out loud to 5 in English and to 10 in Spanish.	Counts to 12 in English and Spanish.	Counts out loud to 20 in English and Spanish.		
Knows number names and the count sequence	Identifies numerals 1 to 5.	Identifies numerals 1 to 12.	Identifies numerals 1 to 20.		
	Uses and creates symbols to represent numbers.	Represents a number of objects with a written numeral 0-10 (with 0 representing a count of no objects). CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.A.3	Writes a numeral that corresponds to a given quantit (0-10).		
Counts to tell the number of	Counts groups of objects up to 5 using one-to-one correspondence (one object for each number word) using the last counting word to tell "How many?".	Counts groups of objects up to 10 using one-to-one correspondence using the last counting word to answer, "How many?".	Counts a collection of up to 20 items using one-to-o correspondence using the last counting word to tell, "How many?".		
objects		Matches numerals (1-12) to quantities they represent using physical models and representations.	Matches numerals (1-20) to quantities they represenusing physical models and representations.		
Compares Numbers			Identifies whether the number of objects (1-20) in a group is more than, less than, or equal to the numb of objects in another group, e.g., by using matching a counting strategies. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.C		

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Common Core Math Standards

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	ADVANCED LEARNING GOALS (Common Core Kinder Standards & Aprendizajes Sustantivos)		
	Counts to 100 by ones and by tens. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.A.1		
	Counts forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence (instead of having to begin at 1). CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.A.2		
h /	Writes numbers from 0 to 20. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.A.3		
ty	Represents a number of objects with a written numeral 0-20 (with 0 representing a count of no objects). CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.CC.A.3		
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CATEGORY 2: OF	PERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING			
STRANDS	NURSERY	PRE-KINDER	KINDER	ADVANCED LEARNING GOALS (Common Core Kinder Standards & Aprendizajes Sustantivos)
ADDITION Understands addition as putting together and adding to.	Recognizes there are more when objects are added to a set.	Combines two or more sets of objects and counts the total amount.	Solves addition word problems, and adds within 10. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.OA.A.2	
PATTERNS: Recognizes, copies, extends, describes and creates patterns	Extends patterns with two attributes.	Extends patterns of three attributes.	Creates patterns of three attributes	CCSS: Common Core does not have Kinder standards related to Patterning

CATEGORY 4: MEASUREMENT & DATA					
STRANDS NURSERY		PRE-KINDER	KINDER		
MEASUREMENT: Uses measurement to describe and compare objects in the environment	Understands tall and short .	Orders objects by measurable attributes.	Directly compares two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference (e.g. directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter). CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.MD.A.2		
SORTING & GROUPING: Sorts and groups objects by a variety of characteristics/ attributes.	Sorts items by similar characteristics.	Sorts and classifies objects by one or more attributes (e.g., size, color, shape, texture, use).	Explains rationale behind sorting a certain way.		
DATA: Collecta, organizes, displays, and describes relevant data.	Asks questions to gather information.	Displays data to answer simple questions about themselves or the environment.	Interprets information from a graph and answers questions comparing quantities		

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	ADVANCED LEARNING GOALS (Common Core Kinder Standards & Aprendizajes Sustantivos)
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	CCSS : Interpreting data from graphs is introduced in 1st grade.

CATEGORY 5: GEOMETRY				
STRANDS	NURSERY	PRE-KINDER	KINDER	ADVANCED LEARNING GOALS (Common Core Kinder Standards & Aprendizajes Sustantivos)
SPATIAL REASONING: Uses and demonstrates an understanding of positional terms	Locates the position of objects in relation to positional terms: on, under, in front of/behind.	Understands positional terms (e.g., inside, under, on, in front of, behind).	Responds to positional words (e.g. between, inside, under, on, in front of, behind, next to, move it to).	Describes objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above , below , beside , in front of , behind , and next to . CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.G.A.1
SHAPES: Recognizes names and describes common shapes and their properties.	Orders a small, medium and big circle by size. Identifies and constructs a circle and square using manipulatives.	Identifies circle, square , and triangle in English and constructs these shapes with manipulatives.	Identifies circle, square, rectangle, and triangle) in English and constructs these shapes using manipulatives.	Composes simple shapes to form larger shapes. For example, "Can you join these two triangles with full sides touching to make a rectangle?" CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.K.G.B.6